State Permitting Dashboard: Permit Types

Agency	Permit Name	Permit Description
Arizona Department of Environmental Quality	Class 1 Permit	Major sources of air emissions, generally over 100 tons per year. Largest mines (Freeport-Morencie, Asarco-Ray Mine), large power plants (APS Yucca, SRP Coronado), compressor stations (El Paso Natural Gas [Williams, Wilcox]). *Note: This is new permits only, not revisions.
	Class 2 Permit	Lesser source of air emissions, generally under 100 tons (depending on pollutant). Smaller mines (Freeport-Saford, Pinto Valley Mine), other facilities. *Note: This is new permits only, not revisions.
	General Permits	Smaller sites and facilities with discharges that pose little environmental risk. Can be issued for things like reclaimed water use, discharges to groundwater or discharges to surface waters.
	Individual Permits	Larger, more complex sites and facilities with discharges that have the potential for significant environmental impact. Can be issued for things like reclaimed water use, discharges to groundwater or discharges to surface waters.
	Registration	Lowest emission facilities, highly variable by pollutant. Very small-scale mines, wastewater facilities, etc. *Note: This is new permits only, not revisions.
Arizona Department of Transportation	Encroachment Permit - Roadway Project	A major roadway project to include new highways, expansions, etc. (e.g., South Mountain Freeway, I-17 Flex Lanes)
	Encroachment Permit - Utility	A request to install a major utility, including broadband
Arizona Department of Water Resources	Dam Safety Application	Construction of a new dam or modification, enlargement, repair or removal of an existing dam requires the approval of the director prior to commencement of construction.

Arizona State Land Department	Land Purchase/Commer cial Sale	All Trust Land must be purchased at public auction, per the Constitution and Arizona's Enabling Act. The minimum bid at auction must be the appraised value of the land.
	Long-term Commercial Lease	Commercial long-term leases between 10 and 99 years that must be sold at public auction.
	Mineral Lease	This lease grants the right to mine the locatable metals or industrial minerals that were discovered under the Mineral Exploration Permit.
	Right-of-Way	A right-of-way is an encumbrance on the property it crosses. Rights-of-way are granted across State Trust land for a variety of public and private uses, such as access roads, infrastructure, power or communication lines and public roadways. Perpetual rights-of-way must be purchased at public auction unless they are solely for a road.
	Short-term Commercial Lease	Commercial short-term leases for 10 years or less.
Arizona State Parks Board	NHPA Certification	Under 54 U.S.C. § 100101, federal agencies are responsible for identifying and evaluating register-eligible historic properties and determining effects of their undertakings on historic properties. These responsibilities include delegated authorities to state agencies such as ADOT, ASPT, AGFD, AFFM and also federal undertakings occurring on State Lands.
	SHPA Certification	Certification of State Historic Preservation Act (SHPA) Compliance. Under ARS 41-861-864, state agencies have an obligation to consult with SHPO on actions that have the potential to impact register-eligible or listed historic properties
Game and Fish Department	Right of Entry Land Use Agreement	Land Use Agreement for Commission Owned Properties for short-term access for research, monitoring or work activities on Commission-owned properties.

Right of Way License agreement for Commission Owned Properties for License Agreement ROW access on Commission-owned lands.